Package 'wnominate'

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nomprob	Date 2023-04-21	
<pre><jblewis@ucla.edu>, James Lo <lojames@usc.edu> and Royce Carroll <rcarroll@rice.edu> Maintainer Jeffrey B. Lewis <jblewis@ucla.edu> Depends R (>= 2.3.1), pscl (>= 0.59), methods Description Estimates Poole and Rosenthal's (1985 <doi:10.2307 2111172="">, 1991 <doi:10.2307 2111445="">) W-NOMINATE scores from roll call votes supplied though a 'rollcall' object from the 'pscl' package. License GPL-2 Repository CRAN NeedsCompilation yes Date/Publication 2023-04-26 06:40:02 UTC R topics documented: generateTestData nomprob plot.angles plot.coords plot.cutlines plot.coords plot.nomObject plot.scree qnprob sen90</doi:10.2307></doi:10.2307></jblewis@ucla.edu></rcarroll@rice.edu></lojames@usc.edu></jblewis@ucla.edu></pre>	Title Roll Call Analysis Software	
Carroll <pre>Carroll@rice.edu> Maintainer Jeffrey B. Lewis <jblewis@ucla.edu> Depends R (>= 2.3.1), pscl (>= 0.59), methods Description</jblewis@ucla.edu></pre>	Author Keith Poole	

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generateTestData Test	Data Generator for W-NOMINATE
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Description

generateTestData is the function that generates a rollcall object used to test wnominate. The description of the result below is copied from the documentation of package pscl, written by Simon Jackman.

Usage

Arguments

legislators	integer, number of Legislators ('n').
rcVotes	integer, number of roll calls ('m').
yea	an m x d matrix of yea locations, where 'd' are the number of dimensions.
nay	an m x d matrix of no locations, where 'd' are the number of dimensions.
ideal	an n x d matrix of legislator ideal points.
Beta	scalar giving beta parameter from W-NOMINATE.
dimweight	d x 1 vector of dimension weights.
normal	integer, '1' generates data using normal probabilities, any other value generates data using logistic probabilities.
seed	a single value, interpreted as an integer, used to set the seed. If seed is NULL, current seed is used.
utility	String set to either "nominate" or "qn". 'nominate' allows NOMINATE logit or probit utilities, while "qn" allows for quadratic normal utilities to be used when generating the roll call matrix.

Value

An object of class rollcall

votes n x m vote matrix in 0/1/NA format.

n integer, number of legislators.

m integer, number of roll call votes.

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logical vector of length mindicating dropped vote. This is recomputed in wnominate

and is never used.

legis.data matrix, user-supplied data on legislators, containing data from an ORD file. Leg-

islator names are rownames to this matrix.

vote.data user-supplied data on rollcall votes, set to NULL.

desc user-supplied description, set to NULL.

Author(s)

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```

See Also

```
'wnominate', 'nomprob'.
```

Examples

```
dat<-generateTestData()
result<-wnominate(dat,polarity=c(1,2))
summary(result)
plot(result)</pre>
```

nomprob

NOMINATE Probability Matrix Generator

Description

nomprob takes estimates from the W-NOMINATE model and returns a matrix of yea choice probabilities. It is used to generate a test rollcall object using generateTestData.

Usage

```
nomprob(yea, nay, ideal, Beta, dimweight, normal=1)
```

Arguments

For items below, m is the number of roll calls, n the number of legislators, and

d the number of dimensions.

m x d matrix of yea locations.

m x d matrix of no locations.

ideal n x d matrix of legislator ideal points.

Beta scalar giving beta parameter from W-NOMINATE. Usually set to 15.

dimweight d x 1 vector of dimension weights. Usually set to 0.5.

normal integer, '1' generates data using normal probabilities, any other value generates

data using logistic probabilities.

plot.angles

Value

An n x m matrix of probabilities giving the probability of yea for each of n legislators on each of m votes

Author(s)

```
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James Lo <lojames@usc.edu</a>
Royce Carroll <a href="mailto:rcarroll@rice.edu">rcarroll@rice.edu</a>
```

See Also

'generateTestData' and 'wnominate'.

Examples

```
yp <- matrix(rep(0,10),nrow=10)
np <- matrix(rep(0.1,10),nrow=10)
ideal <- matrix(rep(0,10),nrow=10)
nomprob(yp,np,ideal,15,0.5) #a matrix of yea probabilities</pre>
```

plot.angles

W-NOMINATE Cutting Line Angles Plot

Description

plot.angles reads a W-NOMINATE object and plots a histogram of the angles of the cutlines for two dimensions. plot.angles does not work for one-dimensional W-NOMINATE objects.

Usage

Arguments

```
x a wnominate output object.
main.title string, coordinate plot title.
x.title string, x-axis label.
y.title string, y-axis label.
dims vector of length 2, specifying the dimensions to be plotted.
... other arguments to hist.
```

plot.coords 5

Value

A cutting line angle plot.

Author(s)

```
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Royce Carroll <a href="mailto:rcarroll@rice.edu">rcarroll@rice.edu</a>
```

See Also

```
'wnominate', 'plot.coords', 'plot.scree', 'plot.cutlines', 'plot.nomObject'
```

Examples

```
#This data file is the same as that obtained using:
#data(sen90)
#sen90wnom<-wnominate(sen90,polarity=c(2,5))
data(sen90wnom)
summary(sen90wnom)
plot.angles(sen90wnom)
plot(sen90wnom)</pre>
```

plot.coords

W-NOMINATE Coordinate Plot

Description

plot. coords reads a W-NOMINATE object in 2 user-specified dimensions and plots the coordinates of each member, applying separate colors and shapes to each party by default. A unit circle is included to emphasize the constraints on the W-NOMINATE coordinates, and options to select non-party attributes of legislators are included. For a 1D W-WNOMINATE object, W-NOMINATE scores are plotted against their ranks.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'coords'
plot(x, main.title="W-NOMINATE Coordinates",
    d1.title="First Dimension", d2.title="Second Dimension", dims=c(1,2),
    plotBy="party", color=TRUE, shape=TRUE, cutline=NULL, Legend=TRUE,
    legend.x=0.8, legend.y=1, ...)
```

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Arguments

x	a wnominate output object.
main.title	string, coordinate plot title.
d1.title	string, x-axis label.
d2.title	string, y-axis label.
dims	vector of length 2, specifying the dimensions to be plotted.
plotBy	string, name of a variable in nomObject\\$data. plot.coords will plot coordinates using this variable as a selector.
color	logical, marks different groups specified by plotBy using different colors if TRUE.
shape	logical, marks different groups specified by plotBy using different shapes if TRUE.
cutline	vector, selects roll calls by row number for which a cutting line is desired.
Legend	logical, include a generic legend.
legend.x	numeric, corresponds to the 'x' argument of legend().
legend.y	numeric, corresponds to the 'y' argument of legend().
	other arguments to symbols.

Value

A coordinate plot.

Author(s)

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Royce Carroll <a href="ktpoole@uga.edu">ktpoole@uga.edu</a>
```

See Also

```
'wnominate', 'plot.scree', 'plot.cutlines', 'plot.angles', 'plot.nomObject'
```

Examples

```
#This data file is the same as that obtained using:
#data(sen90)
#sen90wnom<-wnominate(sen90,polarity=c(2,5))
data(sen90wnom)
summary(sen90wnom)
plot.coords(sen90wnom)
plot(sen90wnom)</pre>
```

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plot.cutlines

W-NOMINATE Cutline Plot

Description

plot.cutlines reads a W-NOMINATE object and plots the cutting line of a specified proportion of all votes along two user-specified dimensions. The default is to plot 50 cutting lines. This is also known as a Coombs mesh. A unit circle is included to emphasize the constraints on the W-NOMINATE coordinates. Only cutlines that are constrained to have midpoints lying in a unit circle are included. plot.cutlines does not work for 1D W-NOMINATE objects.

Usage

Arguments

Х	a wnominate output object.
main.title	string, coordinate plot title.
d1.title	string, x-axis label.
d2.title	string, y-axis label.
lines	numeric, number of non-constrained cutlines to be plotted. If this number exceeds to total number of cutlines, then all cutlines are plotted.
dims	numeric vector of length 2, specifying dimensions to be plotted.
lwd	numeric, line width.
	other arguments to symbols.

Value

A Coombs mesh.

Author(s)

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Royce Carroll <a href="mailto:rcarroll@rice.edu">rcarroll@rice.edu</a>
```

See Also

```
'wnominate', 'plot.coords', 'plot.scree', 'plot.angles', 'plot.nomObject'
```

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Examples

```
#This data file is the same as that obtained using:
#data(sen90)
#sen90wnom<-wnominate(sen90,polarity=c(2,5))
data(sen90wnom)
summary(sen90wnom)
plot.cutlines(sen90wnom)
plot(sen90wnom)</pre>
```

plot.nomObject

W-NOMINATE Summary Plot

Description

plot.nom0bject reads a W-NOMINATE object in two user-specified dimensions and plots the coordinates, cutting lines, a Coombs mesh, and a Skree plot. For 1-dimensional W-NOMINATE objects, it plots the coordinates against the ranks along with a Skree plot.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'nomObject'
plot(x, dims=c(1,2), ...)
```

Arguments

x a wnominate output object.

dims a vector of length 2, specifying the two dimensions to be plotted.

... other arguments do nothing and are not passed to any plot functions.

Value

A summary plot of a wnominate object.

Author(s)

```
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James Lo <lojames@usc.edu</a>
Royce Carroll <a href="mailto:rcarroll@rice.edu">rcarroll@rice.edu</a>
```

See Also

```
'wnominate', 'plot.coords', 'plot.scree', 'plot.angles', 'plot.cutlines', 'plot.nomObject'
```

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Examples

```
#This data file is the same as that obtained using:
#data(sen90)
#sen90wnom<-wnominate(sen90,polarity=c(2,5))
data(sen90wnom)
summary(sen90wnom)
plot(sen90wnom)</pre>
```

plot.scree

W-NOMINATE Scree Plot

Description

plot.scree is the function that takes a W-NOMINATE object and plots a Scree plot. Scree plots show the dimensionality of the voting by showing the sizes of the eigenvalues.

Usage

Arguments

```
x a wnominate output object.
main.title string, Skree plot title.
x.title string, x-axis label.
y.title string, y-axis label.
... other arguments to plot.
```

Value

A Scree plot, showing the first 20 eigenvalues.

Author(s)

```
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Royce Carroll <a href="mailto:rcarroll@rice.edu">rcarroll@rice.edu</a>
```

See Also

```
'wnominate', 'plot.coords', 'plot.cutlines', 'plot.angles', 'plot.nomObject'
```

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Examples

```
#This data file is the same as that obtained using:
#data(sen90)
#sen90wnom<-wnominate(sen90,polarity=c(2,5))
data(sen90wnom)
summary(sen90wnom)
plot.scree(sen90wnom)
plot(sen90wnom)</pre>
```

qnprob

Qudaratic Normal Probability Matrix Generator

Description

qnprob takes estimates from the Quadratic Normal model and returns a matrix of yeah choice probabilities. It is used to generate a test rollcall object using generateTestData. The function is set up to take identical arguments to nomprob, which explains why many of the arguments do not do anything.

Usage

```
qnprob(yea,nay,ideal,Beta,dimweight,normal=1)
```

Arguments

For items below, m is the number of roll calls, n the number of legislators, and

d the number of dimensions.

m x d matrix of yeah locations.

m x d matrix of no locations.

ideal n x d matrix of legislator ideal points.

Beta Ignored. dimweight Ignored.

normal integer, '1' generates data using normal probabilities, any other value generates

data using logistic probabilities.

Value

An n x m matrix of probabilities giving the probability of yea for each of n legislators on each of m votes

Author(s)

```
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James Lo <lojames@usc.edu</a>
Royce Carroll <a href="mailto:rcarroll@rice.edu">rcarroll@rice.edu</a>
```

sen90

See Also

'generateTestData' and 'wnominate'.

Examples

```
yp <- matrix(rep(0,10),nrow=10)
np <- matrix(rep(0.1,10),nrow=10)
ideal <- matrix(rep(0,10),nrow=10)
qnprob(yp,np,ideal,15,0.5) #a matrix of yea probabilities</pre>
```

sen90

90th U.S. Senate Roll Call Vote Matrix

Description

This dataframe contains a matrix of votes cast by U.S. Senators in the 90th Congress. The data are formatted consistent with the rollcall object format in Simon Jackman's pscl package.

Usage

data(sen90)

Value

The dataframe contains roll call data for all Senators in the 90th Senate. The data is formatted as a rollcall object with the following elements.

votes

data frame, containing all data from the old nom31.dat file about legislators. For a typical W-NOMINATE object run with an ORD file read using readKH, it will contain the following:

- state State name of legislator.
- icpsrState ICPSR state code of legislator.
- cd Congressional District number.
- icpsrLegis ICPSR code of legislator.
- party Party of legislator.
- partyCode ICPSR party code of legislator.

codes

list of four vectors. yea shows the codes in votes that are yea votes, 'nay' shows nay codes, notInLegis shows absences, and missing shows the missing codes.

n numeric, number of legislators
m numeric, number of roll calls

legis.data

data frame, containing the following information on legislators:

- state State name of legislator.
- icpsrState ICPSR state code of legislator.

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- cd Congressional District number.
- icpsrLegis ICPSR code of legislator.
- party Party of legislator.
- partyCode ICPSR party code of legislator.

vote.data null, would otherwise be a data frame containing data on the votes.

desc null, would otherwise be a string describing the data set.

source string, describing where data set was read from.

Author(s)

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```

Source

Keith Poole. 2005. 90th Senate Roll Call Vote Data. https://www.voteview.com/.

See Also

'wnominate'.

Examples

```
#This data file is the same as reading file using:
#sen90 <- readKH("ftp://voteview.com/sen90kh.ord")
#All ORD files can be found on www.voteview.com
data(sen90)

summary(sen90)
#sen90wnom <- wnominate(sen90,polarity=c(2,5))
#'sen90wnom' is the same nomObject as found in
data(sen90wnom)
summary(sen90wnom)
plot(sen90wnom)</pre>
```

sen90wnom

90th U.S. Senate Ideal Points

Description

This dataframe contains the estimated ideal points of the 90th U.S Senate using wnominate. Although it can easily be obtained from calling the example in wnominate, it is included here to facilitate illustration of the examples for the plot and summary functions.

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Usage

data(sen90wnom)

Value

An object of class nomObject, which in this documentation is also referred to as a W-NOMINATE object.

legislators

data frame, containing all data from the old nom33.dat file about legislators. For a typical W-NOMINATE object run with an ORD file read using readKH, it will contain the following:

- stateState name of legislator.
- icpsrStateICPSR state code of legislator.
- cdCongressional District number.
- icpsrLegisICPSR code of legislator.
- partyParty of legislator.
- partyCodeICPSR party code of legislator.
- correctYeaPredicted Yeas and Actual Yeas.
- wrongYeaPredicted Yeas and Actual Nays.
- wrongNayPredicted Nays and Actual Yeas.
- correctNayPredicted Nays and Actual Nays.
- GMPGeometric Mean Probability.
- PREProportional Reduction In Error.
- coord1DFirst dimension W-NOMINATE score, with all subsequent dimensions numbered similarly.
- se1DBootstrapped standard error of first dimension W-NOMINATE score, with all subsequent dimensions numbered similarly. This will be empty if trials is set below 4.
- corr.1Covariance between first and second dimension W-NOMINATE score, with all subsequent dimensions numbered similarly.

rollcalls

data frame, containing all data from the old nom33.dat file about bills. For a typical W-NOMINATE object run with an ORD file read using readKH, it will contain the following:

- correctYeaPredicted Yeas and Actual Yeas.
- wrongYeaPredicted Yeas and Actual Nays.
- wrongNayPredicted Nays and Actual Yeas.
- · correctNayPredicted Nays and Actual Nays.
- GMPGeometric Mean Probability.
- PREProportional Reduction In Error.
- spread1DFirst dimension W-NOMINATE spread, with all subsequent dimensions numbered similarly.
- midpoint1DFirst dimension W-NOMINATE midpoint, with all subsequent dimensions numbered similarly.

dimensions

integer, number of dimensions estimated.

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eigenvalues A vector of roll call eigenvalues.

beta The beta value used in the final iteration.
weights A vector of weights used in each iteration.

fits A vector of length 3*dimensions with the classic measures of fit. In order, it

contains the correct classifications for each dimension, the APREs for each di-

mension, and the overall GMPs for each dimension.

Author(s)

```
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James Lo <lojames@usc.edu</a>
Royce Carroll <a href="mailto:rcarroll@rice.edu">rcarroll@rice.edu</a>
```

Source

Keith Poole. 2005. 90th Senate Roll Call Vote Data. https://www.voteview.com/.

See Also

'wnominate'.

Examples

```
#This data file is the same as reading file using:
#sen90 <- readKH("ftp://voteview.com/sen90kh.ord")
#All ORD files can be found on www.voteview.com
data(sen90)

summary(sen90)
#sen90wnom <- wnominate(sen90,polarity=c(2,5))
#'sen90wnom' is the same nomObject as found in
data(sen90wnom)
summary(sen90wnom)
plot(sen90wnom)</pre>
```

summary.nomObject

W-NOMINATE Summary

Description

summary.nomObject reads a W-NOMINATE object and prints a summary.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'nomObject'
summary(object,verbose=FALSE,...)
```

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Arguments

object a wnominate output object.

verbose logical, includes all ideal points if TRUE, otherwise only returns the first 10

legislators.

... other arguments do nothing and are not passed to any functions.

Value

A summary of a wnominate object. Correct classification, APRE, and GMP are reported separately for each dimension.

Author(s)

```
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James Lo <lojames@usc.edu</a>
Royce Carroll <a href="mailto:rcarroll@rice.edu">rcarroll@rice.edu</a>
```

See Also

```
'wnominate', 'plot.coords', 'plot.scree', 'plot.angles', 'plot.cutlines', 'plot.nomObject'
```

Examples

```
#This data file is the same as that obtained using:
#data(sen90)
#sen90wnom<-wnominate(sen90,polarity=c(2,5))
data(sen90wnom)
summary(sen90wnom)
plot(sen90wnom)</pre>
```

UN

United Nations Vote Data

Description

This data frame contains votes from the first three sessions of the United Nations. The same data can also be downloaded as a CSV file from www.voteview.com. The object of this data set is to provide an example of how one might use the W-NOMINATE package on a set of roll call votes not already stored in ORD format.

Usage

```
data(UN)
```

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Value

This data frame contains votes from the first three sessions of the United Nations. The first column are country names, while the second column indicates membership in the former Warsaw Pact (used as a 'party' variable). Yeas are coded 1, 2, and 3, nays are coded 4, 5, and 6, missing votes are coded 7, 8, and 9, and not being in the General Assembly is coded as a 0.

Author(s)

```
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Royce Carroll <a href="mailto:rcarroll@rice.edu">rcarroll@rice.edu</a>
```

Source

```
Keith Poole. 2005. UN Vote Data. https://legacy.voteview.com/.
```

See Also

'wnominate'.

Examples

```
#The same data set can be obtained from downloading the UN.csv
#file from www.voteview.com and reading it as follows:
#UN<-read.csv("C:/UN.csv",header=FALSE,strip.white=TRUE)</pre>
data(UN)
UN<-as.matrix(UN)
UN[1:5,1:6]
UNnames<-UN[,1]
legData<-matrix(UN[,2],length(UN[,2]),1)</pre>
colnames(legData)<-"party"</pre>
UN < -UN[,-c(1,2)]
rc \leftarrow rollcall(UN, yea=c(1,2,3), nay=c(4,5,6),
missing=c(7,8,9),notInLegis=0, legis.names=UNnames,
legis.data=legData,
desc="UN Votes",
source="www.voteview.com")
# Not run
#result<-wnominate(rc,polarity=c(1,1))</pre>
#plot(result)
#summary(result)
```

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wnominate W-NOMINATE Roll Call Scaling	
--	--

Description

wnominate is the function that takes a rollcall object and estimates Poole and Rosenthal W-NOMINATE scores with them.

Usage

Arguments

rcObject	An object of class rollcall, from Simon Jackman's pscl package.
ubeta	integer, beta parameter for NOMINATE. It is strongly recommended that you do not change the default.
uweights	integer, weight parameter for NOMINATE. It is strongly recommended that you do not change the default.
dims	integer, number of dimensions to estimate. Must be nonnegative and cannot exceed $10\ \mathrm{dimensions}$.
minvotes	minimum number of votes a legislator must vote in for them to be analyzed.
lop	A proportion between 0 and 1, the cut-off used for excluding lopsided votes, expressed as the proportion of non-missing votes on the minority side. The default, lop=0.025, eliminates votes where the minority is smaller than 2.5 overwrites the lopsided attribute in the RC object inputted.
trials	integer, number of bootstrap trials for standard errors. Any number set below 4 here will not return any standard errors. Setting this number to be large will slow execution of W-NOMINATE considerably.
polarity	a vector specifying the legislator in the data set who is conservative on each dimension. For example, $c(3,5)$ indicates legislator 3 is conservative on dimension 1, and legislator 5 is conservative on dimension 2. Alternatively, polarity can be specified as a string for legislator names found in legis.names (ie. $c("Bush", "Gore")$) if every legislative name in the data set is unique. Finally, polarity can be specified as a list (ie. list("cd", $c(4,5)$)) where the first list item is a variable from the roll call object's legis.data, and the second list item is a conservative legislator on each dimension as specified by the first list item. list("cd", $c(4,5)$) thus specifies the legislators with congressional district numbers of 4 and 5.
verbose	logical, indicates whether bills and legislators to be deleted should be printed while data is being checked before ideal points are estimated.

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Value

An object of class nomObject, which in this documentation is also referred to as a W-NOMINATE object.

legislators

data frame, containing all data from the old nom31.dat file about legislators. For a typical W-NOMINATE object run with an ORD file read using readKH, it will contain the following:

- stateState name of legislator.
- icpsrStateICPSR state code of legislator.
- cdCongressional District number.
- icpsrLegisICPSR code of legislator.
- partyParty of legislator.
- partyCodeICPSR party code of legislator.
- correctYeaPredicted Yeas and Actual Yeas.
- · wrongYeaPredicted Yeas and Actual Nays.
- wrongNayPredicted Nays and Actual Yeas.
- · correctNayPredicted Nays and Actual Nays.
- GMPGeometric Mean Probability.
- CCCorrect Classification.
- coord1DFirst dimension W-NOMINATE score, with all subsequent dimensions numbered similarly.
- se1DBootstrapped standard error of first dimension W-NOMINATE score, with all subsequent dimensions numbered similarly. This will be empty if trials is set below 4.
- corr.1Covariance between first and second dimension W-NOMINATE score, with all subsequent dimensions numbered similarly.

rollcalls

data frame, containing all data from the old nom33.dat file about bills. For a typical W-NOMINATE object run with an ORD file read using readKH, it will contain the following:

- correctYeaPredicted Yeas and Actual Yeas.
- wrongYeaPredicted Yeas and Actual Nays.
- wrongNayPredicted Nays and Actual Yeas.
- correctNayPredicted Nays and Actual Nays.
- GMPGeometric Mean Probability.
- PREProportional Reduction In Error.
- spread1DFirst dimension W-NOMINATE spread, with all subsequent dimensions numbered similarly.
- midpoint1DFirst dimension W-NOMINATE midpoint, with all subsequent dimensions numbered similarly.

dimensions

integer, number of dimensions estimated.

eigenvalues

A vector of roll call eigenvalues.

beta

The beta value used in the final iteration.

weights

A vector of weights used in each iteration.

wnominate 19

fits

A vector of length 3*dimensions with the classic measures of fit. In order, it contains the correct classifications for each dimension, the APREs for each dimension, and the overall GMPs for each dimension.

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Keith Poole and Howard Rosenthal. 1997. 'Congress: A Political-Economic History of Roll Call Voting.' New York: Oxford University Press.

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Jeffrey Lewis. https://voteview.com/
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Keith Poole, Jeffrey Lewis, James Lo, and Royce Carroll. 2011. 'Scaling Roll Call Votes with WNOMINATE in R.' Journal of Statistical Software, 42(14), 1-21. https://www.jstatsoft.org/v42/i14/

See Also

'generateTestData','plot.nomObject','summary.nomObject'.

Examples

```
#This data file is the same as reading file using:
#sen90 <- readKH("ftp://voteview.com/sen90kh.ord")
#All ORD files can be found on www.voteview.com
data(sen90)

summary(sen90)
#sen90wnom <- wnominate(sen90,polarity=c(2,5))
#'sen90wnom' is the same nomObject as found in
data(sen90wnom)
summary(sen90wnom)
plot(sen90wnom)</pre>
```

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