# Package 'regtomean'

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Type Package

Version 1.1

**Title** Regression Toward the Mean

<b>Imports</b> formattable, effsize, mefa, plyr, plotrix, sjPlot, sjmisc, sjlabelled,
Description In repeated measures studies with extreme large or small values it is common that the subjects measurements on average are closer to the mean of the basic population. Interpreting possible changes in the mean in such situations can lead to biased results since the values were not randomly selected, they come from truncated sampling. This method allows to estimate the range of means where treatment effects are likely to occur when regression toward the mean is present.  Ostermann, T., Willich, Stefan N. & Luedtke, Rainer. (2008). Regression toward the mean - a de tection method for unknown population mean based on Mee and Chua's algorithm. BMC Medical Research Methodology.

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cordata

Correlation and Cohen's d effect sizes.

# **Description**

This function calculates the correlation for the data and Cohen's d effect sizes, both based on pooled and on treatment standard deviations.

# Usage

```
cordata(Before, After, data)
```

# **Arguments**

data

Before a numeric vector giving the data values for the first (before) measure.

After a numeric vector giving the data values for the second (after) measure.

an optional data frame containing the variables in the formula. By default the

variables are taken from environment (formula).

#### **Details**

This function computes the correlation between both measures as also both effect sizes based on Cohen's d statistic.

The inputs must be numeric.

# Value

Return a table containing the correlation, effect size pooled and effect size based on treatment.

# Author(s)

Daniela R. Recchia, Thomas Ostermann.

## References

Cohen, J. (1988). Statistical power analysis for the behavioral sciences (2nd ed.). New York: Academic Press.

## See Also

cohen.d,cor

language\_test 3

# **Examples**

```
cordata("Before", "After", data=language_test)
```

language\_test

Language Test in High School

# **Description**

A dataset with scores from 8 students who failed a high school test and could not get their diploma. They repeated the exam and got new scores.

# Usage

```
data("language_test")
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 8 observations on the following 9 variables.

Student a numeric vector

Before a numeric vector

After a numeric vector

'Total N' a numeric vector

Cross a numeric vector

'Pre-treatment Mean' a numeric vector

'Pre-treatment Std' a numeric vector

'Post-treatment Mean' a numeric vector

'Post-treatment Std' a numeric vector

#### **Source**

```
McClave, J.T; Dietrich, F.H.: "Statistics"; New York, Dellen Publishing; 1988.
```

# **Examples**

```
data(language_test)
## maybe str(language_test) ; plot(language_test) ...
```

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meechua_eff.CI	Calculates and plots treatment and regression effects as also its p-values.

# **Description**

This function calculates and plots treatment and regression effects of both before and after measures as also its p-values.

# Usage

```
meechua_eff.CI(x,n,se.after)
```

# Arguments

X	a data frame containing the results from meechua_reg. It is stored as mod_coef.
n	the original sample size (number of observations) from data.

se.after the estimated standard error from meechua\_reg. It is stored as se.after.

## **Details**

After performing the meechua\_reg the model coefficients mod\_coef as also its global variable se.after are used as input in this function to estimate treatment and regression effects.

# Value

Two plots are performed, the first "Treatment Effect and p-value" and the second "Confidence Intervals" for mu.

# Author(s)

Daniela R. Recchia, Thomas Ostermann

## References

Ostermann, T., Willich, Stefan N. & Luedtke, Rainer. (2008). Regression toward the mean - a detection method for unknown population mean based on Mee and Chua's algorithm. BMC Medical Research Methodology.

## See Also

meechua\_reg

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## **Examples**

```
# First perform replicate_data and meechua_reg
replicate_data(50,60,"Before","After",data=language_test)
mee_chua_sort <- mee_chua[with(mee_chua,order(mu)),]
meechua_reg(mee_chua_sort)

# Model coeeficients (mod_coef) and se.after are stored in the environment
# as a result from the function meechua_reg
meechua_eff.CI(mod_coef,8,se.after)</pre>
```

meechua\_plot

Plot models from meechua\_reg

# Description

This functions plots all 4 diagnostics plots for each linear regression model: "Residuals vs Fitted", "Normal Q-Q", "Scale-Location" and "Residuals vs Leverage".

# Usage

```
meechua_plot(x)
```

#### **Arguments**

Х

List containing the estimated linear models frommeechua\_reg. It is stored as models.

# Details

For each model from models 4 diagnostic plots are performed. For the first model the numbers 1 to 4 should be given, for the second model numbers from to 8 to 12, and so on.

#### Value

Diagnostics plots for the set of models from meechua\_reg.

# Author(s)

Daniela R. Recchia, Thomas Ostermann.

#### References

Ostermann, T., Willich, Stefan N. & Luedtke, Rainer. (2008). Regression toward the mean - a detection method for unknown population mean based on Mee and Chua's algorithm. BMC Medical Research Methodology.

## See Also

```
plot.lm,meechua_reg
```

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## **Examples**

```
# models are an output from meechua_reg
replicate_data(50,60,"Before","After",data=language_test)
mee_chua_sort <- mee_chua[with(mee_chua,order(mu)),]
meechua_reg(mee_chua_sort)</pre>
```

#models are the output from meechua\_reg saved in the environment after running the function
meechua\_plot(models)

meechua\_reg

Fit linear models on the (replication) data.

# Description

This function fit linear models for a subset of data frames.

## Usage

```
meechua_reg(x)
```

#### **Arguments**

Х

Data to be used in the regression.

#### **Details**

The data used for the regression must be sorted by mu.

A set of linear models will be estimated and model coefficients are saved and stored in mod\_coef.

The estimated standard error for the after measure is also stored in se\_after to be used further in other functions.

## Value

A table containing the estimations for each mu. Global variables models, mod\_coef, se\_after are stored for further analysis. The models are saved in an obejct called mee\_chua, which is not automatically printted but is saved in the environment.

## Author(s)

Daniela R. Recchia, Thomas Ostermann.

## References

Ostermann, T., Willich, Stefan N. & Luedtke, Rainer. (2008). Regression toward the mean - a detection method for unknown population mean based on Mee and Chua's algorithm. BMC Medical Research Methodology.

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#### See Also

lm,dlply

#### **Examples**

```
## get the values ##
mee_chua<-replicate_data(50,60,"Before","After",data=language_test)
## sort mu ##
mee_chua_sort <- mee_chua[with(mee_chua,order(mu)),]
meechua_reg(mee_chua_sort)</pre>
```

replicate\_data

Replicates before and after values 100 times.

## **Description**

This function replicates 100 times the before and after values giving a start and end reference.

# Usage

```
replicate_data(start,end,by=NULL,Before,After,data)
```

## Arguments

start a start value for mu.
end an end value for mu.

by an increment for the sequence, if not informed (default) the increment is calu-

culated as the difference between end-start.

Before a numeric vector giving the data values for the first (before) measure.

After a numeric vector giving the data values for the second (after) measure.

data an optional data frame containing the before and after variables in the for-

mula. By default the variables are taken from environment (formula).

#### **Details**

In order to overcome the limitation of Mee and Chua's test regarding the population mean mu a replication of the data is performed.

After replicating the data the unknown population mean mu is systematically estimated over a range of values. Further estimations will be based on this new dataset.

#### Value

Return a data frame we could call mee\_chua containing the values for mu, before and after.

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# Author(s)

Daniela R. Recchia, Thomas Ostermann.

# References

Ostermann, T., Willich, Stefan N. & Luedtke, Rainer. (2008). Regression toward the mean - a detection method for unknown population mean based on Mee and Chua's algorithm. BMC Medical Research Methodology.

Galton, F. (1886). Regression towards mediocrity in heriditary stature. Journal of the Anthropological Institute (I5: 246-263).

# See Also

rep

# Examples

replicate\_data(50,60,"Before","After",data=language\_test)

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