Package 'EBCHS'

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Type Package

Title An Empirical Bayes Method for Chi-Squared Data

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Author Lilun Du [aut, cre],
Inchi Hu [aut]

Maintainer Lilun Du <dulilun@ust.hk>

Description We provide the main R functions to compute the posterior interval for the noncentrality parameter of the chi-squared distribution. The skewness estimate of the posterior distribution is also available to improve the coverage rate of posterior intervals. Details can be found in Du and Hu (2020) <doi:10.1080/01621459.2020.1777137>.

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URL https://github.com/dulilun/EBCHS

RoxygenNote 7.1.1

Imports stats, pracma, splines, fda

Suggests testthat

NeedsCompilation no

Repository CRAN

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R topics documented:

density_LS *log-density derivatives–parametric approach*

Description

Assuming the log density of the chi-squared statistics admits a parametric form, this function estimates up to the fourth order log density derivatives.

Usage

```
density_LS(x)
```

Arguments

x	a sequence of chi-squared test statistics

Value

a list: the first-to-fourth log density derivatives

Examples

```
p = 1000
k = 7
# the prior distribution for lambda
alpha = 2
beta =  10
# lambda
lambda = rep(0, p)
pi_0 = 0.8
p_0 = floor(p*pi_0)
p_1 = p-p_0
lambda[(p_0+1):p] = stats::rgamma(p_1, shape = alpha, rate=1/beta)
# Generate a Poisson RV
J = sapply(1:p, function(x){rpois(1, lambda[x]/2)})
X = sapply(1:p, function(x){rchisq(1, k+2*J[x])})
out = density_LS(X)
```

density_PLS *Penalized least-squares method*

Description

The semiparametric model is employed to estimate the log density derivatives of the chi-squared statistics.

Usage

```
density_PLS(x, qq)
```

Arguments

x	a sequence of chi-squared test statistics
qq	the quantiles used for splines

Value

a list: the first and second density derivatives

Examples

```
p = 1000
k = 7
# the prior distribution for lambda
alpha = 2
beta =  10
# lambda
lambda = rep(0, p)
pi_0 = 0.5
p_0 = floor(p*pi_0)
p_1 = p-p_0
lambda[(p_0+1):p] = stats::rgamma(p_1, shape = alpha, rate=1/beta)
# Generate a Poisson RV
J = sapply(1:p, function(x){rpois(1, lambda[x]/2)})
X = sapply(1:p, function(x){rchisq(1, k+2*J[x])})
qq = c(0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8)
out = density_PLS(X, qq)
```

EB_CS *Main function used in the paper (Du and Hu, 2020)*

Description

Give a sequence of chi-squared statistic values, the function computes the posterior mean, variance, and skewness of the noncentrality parameter given the data.

Usage

```
EB_CS(
  x,
  df,
  qq = c(0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8),
  method = c("LS", "PLS", "g_model"),
  mixture = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

x	a sequence of chi-squared test statistics
df	the degrees of freedom
qq	the quantiles used in spline basis
method	LS: parametric least-squares; PLS: penalized least-squares; g-model: g-modeling
mixture	default is FALSE: there is no point mass at zero.

Value

a list: posterior mean, variance, and skewness estimates

References

Du and Hu (2020), *An Empirical Bayes Method for Chi-Squared Data*, *Journal of American Statistical Association*, forthcoming.

Examples

```
p = 1000
k = 7
# the prior distribution for lambda
alpha = 2
beta =  10
# lambda
lambda = rep(0, p)
pi_0 = 0.8
p_0 = floor(p*pi_0)
p_1 = p-p_0
lambda[(p_0+1):p] = rgamma(p_1, shape = alpha, rate=1/beta)
# Generate a Poisson RV
J = sapply(1:p, function(x){rpois(1, lambda[x]/2)})
X = sapply(1:p, function(x){rchisq(1, k+2*J[x])})
qq_set = seq(0.01, 0.99, 0.01)
out = EB_CS(X, k, qq=qq_set, method='LS', mixture = TRUE)
E = out$E_lambda
V = out$V_lambda
S = out$S_lambda
```

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